

提要 189：矩陣之乘法的運算規則

矩陣之乘法的運算規則

矩陣 $A_{m \times n}$ 與 $B_{p \times q}$ 要作相乘之運算，也需滿足一個條件及遵守一個原則。

需滿足之條件為：

$$n = p$$

需遵守的原則為：

將第 m 列之列向量與第 q 行之行向量作內積之運算

附註：

1. 通常 $AB \neq BA$ 。
2. 若 $AB = AC$ ，則不見得一定會有 $B = C$ 之結果。

範例一

已知矩陣 A 與 B 分別為：

$$A_{2 \times 3} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & 8 \\ -2 & 4 & -9 \end{bmatrix}, \quad B_{3 \times 4} = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 6 & 9 & 1 \\ -1 & 2 & 4 & 9 \\ 7 & 6 & -8 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$$

試求 AB 之結果。

解答：

A 矩陣之列向量與 B 矩陣之行向量相同，故滿足矩陣相乘之條件，故可進行相乘之運算，如以下所示：

$$AB = \begin{bmatrix} c_{11} & c_{12} & c_{13} & c_{14} \\ c_{21} & c_{22} & c_{23} & c_{24} \end{bmatrix}$$

其中

$$c_{11} = a_{11}b_{11} + a_{12}b_{21} + a_{13}b_{31} = (1)(3) + (3)(-1) + (8)(7) = 15$$

$$c_{12} = a_{11}b_{12} + a_{12}b_{22} + a_{13}b_{32} = (1)(6) + (3)(2) + (8)(6) = 60$$

$$c_{13} = a_{11}b_{13} + a_{12}b_{23} + a_{13}b_{33} = (1)(9) + (3)(4) + (8)(-8) = -43$$

$$c_{14} = a_{11}b_{14} + a_{12}b_{24} + a_{13}b_{34} = (1)(1) + (3)(9) + (8)(5) = 68$$

$$c_{21} = a_{21}b_{11} + a_{22}b_{21} + a_{23}b_{31} = (-2)(3) + (4)(-1) + (-9)(7) = -73$$

$$c_{22} = a_{21}b_{12} + a_{22}b_{22} + a_{23}b_{32} = (-2)(6) + (4)(2) + (-9)(6) = -58$$

$$c_{23} = a_{21}b_{13} + a_{22}b_{23} + a_{23}b_{33} = (-2)(9) + (4)(4) + (-9)(-8) = 70$$

$$c_{24} = a_{21}b_{14} + a_{22}b_{24} + a_{23}b_{34} = (-2)(1) + (4)(9) + (-9)(5) = -11$$

所以：

$$AB = \begin{bmatrix} 15 & 60 & -43 & 68 \\ -73 & -58 & 70 & -11 \end{bmatrix}$$

範例二

已知矩陣 A 與 B 分別為：

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 \\ 10 & 9 & 8 & 7 & 6 \end{bmatrix}, \quad B = \begin{bmatrix} 9 & -7 \\ -5 & 3 \\ 1 & -2 \\ -4 & 6 \\ 8 & -10 \end{bmatrix}$$

試求 AB 之結果。

解答：

A 矩陣之列向量與 B 矩陣之行向量相同，故滿足矩陣相乘之條件，故可進行相乘之運算，如以下所示：

$$AB = \begin{bmatrix} c_{11} & c_{12} \\ c_{21} & c_{22} \end{bmatrix}$$

其中

$$\begin{aligned} c_{11} &= a_{11}b_{11} + a_{12}b_{21} + a_{13}b_{31} + a_{14}b_{41} + a_{15}b_{51} \\ \Rightarrow c_{11} &= (1)(9) + (2)(-5) + (3)(1) + (4)(-4) + (5)(8) = 26 \\ &\Rightarrow \boxed{c_{11} = 26} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} c_{12} &= a_{11}b_{12} + a_{12}b_{22} + a_{13}b_{32} + a_{14}b_{42} + a_{15}b_{52} \\ \Rightarrow c_{12} &= (1)(-7) + (2)(3) + (3)(-2) + (4)(6) + (5)(-10) = -33 \\ &\Rightarrow \boxed{c_{12} = -33} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} c_{21} &= a_{21}b_{11} + a_{22}b_{21} + a_{23}b_{31} + a_{24}b_{41} + a_{25}b_{51} \\ \Rightarrow c_{21} &= (10)(9) + (9)(-5) + (8)(1) + (7)(-4) + (6)(8) = 73 \\ &\Rightarrow \boxed{c_{21} = 73} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} c_{22} &= a_{21}b_{12} + a_{22}b_{22} + a_{23}b_{32} + a_{24}b_{42} + a_{25}b_{52} \\ \Rightarrow c_{22} &= (10)(-7) + (9)(3) + (8)(-2) + (7)(6) + (6)(-10) = -77 \\ &\Rightarrow \boxed{c_{22} = -77} \end{aligned}$$

所以：

$$AB = \begin{bmatrix} 26 & -33 \\ 73 & -77 \end{bmatrix}$$