

暨南大學

土木所

91~96 學年度  
工程數學考古題

考生注意: 1. 依次序作答, 只要標明題號, 不必抄題。

2. 答案必須寫在答案卷上, 否則不予計分, 並限以藍黑色筆作答。

3. 試題隨卷繳回。(餘請詳閱試場規則)

1. Solve the following differential equation

$$y'' - 2y' - 8y = \int_0^t f(t-\tau)e^{-3\tau} d\tau, y(0) = 1, y'(0) = 0 \quad (15\%)$$

2. Find the general solution of the following differential equation in terms of Bessel function. (15%)

$$9x^2 y'' + 9xy' + (4x^{2/3} - 16)y = 0$$

3. Find a stationary function  $y(x)$  for the integral satisfying the given conditions (15%)

$$\int_1^3 [x(y')^2 - y] dx, y(1) = 3, y(3) = 4$$

4. Evaluate  $\int_0^{2\pi} \frac{d\theta}{(5 - 3\sin\theta)^2}$  (15%)

5. Solve the boundary value problem using Fourier Transform in  $x$ . (15%)

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} \quad (-\infty < x < \infty, t > 0)$$

$$u(x, 0) = f(x) \quad (-\infty < x < \infty)$$

6. Evaluate  $\iint_S \mathbf{F} \cdot \mathbf{N} dA$ , where  $\mathbf{F} = xi + yj + zk$ ,  $S$  is the surface

bounding the cone  $z = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}$  for  $0 \leq z \leq 1$  and  $\mathbf{N}$  is the unit outer normal vector. (15%)

7. Show that the Eigenvalues of a real, symmetric matrix are real. (10%)

國立暨南國際大學九十二學年度碩士班研究生入學考試試題

第 1 節 工程數學適用：(土木所大地組 471 土木所結構組 481 土木所水利組 491) (本試題共 / 頁，第 / 頁)

- 考生注意：1. 依次序作答，只要標明題號，不必抄題。  
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3. 試題隨卷繳回。(除詳閱試場規則)

1. Solve the following nonhomogeneous differential equation: [15%]

$$x^2 \frac{d^2 y(x)}{dx^2} - 5x \frac{dy(x)}{dx} + 8y(x) = x^2 \cos x$$

2. Solve the following nonhomogeneous differential equation: [15%]

$$\frac{d^2 y(x)}{dx^2} + 8 \frac{dy(x)}{dx} + 16y(x) = x \cos(2x)$$

3. Use Laplace transform to solve the following equation [15%]

$$\frac{dy(t)}{dt} + \int_0^t y(x) dx = tH(t-2), \quad y(0) = 1$$

where  $H(t)$  is the Heaviside function.

4. Evaluate the surface integral  $\iint_S \mathbf{F} \cdot \mathbf{n} dS$  where  $\mathbf{F} = x\mathbf{i} + y\mathbf{j} + z\mathbf{k}$  and  $S$  is the

surface of the sphere  $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 4$  lying between the planes  $z = 1$  and  $z = 2$ . [20%]

5. Evaluate the integral  $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{\cos x}{x^2 - 2x + 5} dx$  [15%]

6. Solve the problem of the vibrating rectangular membrane: [20%]

$$\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial t^2} - \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} - \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y^2} = 0, \text{ for } 0 < x < \pi, 0 < y < A, t > 0$$

$$u = 0, \text{ for } x = 0, x = \pi, y = 0, y = A$$

$$u(x, y, 0) = f(x, y),$$

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial t}(x, y, 0) = g(x, y)$$

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國立暨南國際大學九十三年學年度碩士班研究生入學考試試題

第 1 節工程數學 適用:(土木所結構 491 土木所水利 501 土木所大地 511 )

(本試題共 / 頁, 第 / 頁)

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3. 試題隨卷繳回。(餘請詳閱試場規則)

1. Find the general solution of the differential equation: [15%]

$$\frac{d^2 y(x)}{dx^2} - 2 \frac{dy(x)}{dx} + y(x) = 2x + 25 \sin(2x)$$

2. Find the general solution of the differential equation: [15%]

$$x^2 \frac{d^2 y(x)}{dx^2} - 4x \frac{dy(x)}{dx} + 4y(x) = 9x^2 + 6x + 6$$

3. Find the minimum value of  $x^2 + 4y^2 + 16z^2$  under the constraint  $xy = 1$  and locate the corresponding points. [15%]

4. Evaluate the surface integral  $\iint_S f(x) dS$  where  $f(x) = 4x^2$  and  $S$  is the portion of the plane  $x + y + z = 1$  inside the cylinder  $x^2 + y^2 = 1$  [20%]

5. Evaluate the integrals  $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{\cos x}{(x^2 + 4)(x^2 + 9)} dx$  [15%]

6. Solve the following problem [20%]

$$\frac{\partial^2 u(x,t)}{\partial t^2} = c^2 \frac{\partial^2 u(x,t)}{\partial x^2},$$

$$u(0,t) = u(L,t) = 0,$$

$$u(x,0) = x, \quad \frac{\partial u}{\partial t}(x,0) = 0$$

科目：工程數學 適用：土木所結構組 土木所大地組 土木所水利組  
地震所

考生注意：  
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共壹頁  
第壹頁

編號：481 491 501 511

1. For the nonhomogeneous equation

$$x^2 \frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} - 6x \frac{dy}{dx} + 12y = 16 \ln(x)$$

Please find

- (a) the homogeneous general solution  $y_h$ , and [10%]  
(b) the homogeneous particular solution  $y_p$ . [10%]

2. Please use Laplace Transformation to solve the initial value problem [20%]

$$y'' + 5y' + 6y = f(t); \quad y(0) = y'(0) = 0;$$

with

$$f(t) = \begin{cases} -2 & \text{for } 0 \leq t < 3 \\ 0 & \text{for } t \geq 3 \end{cases}$$

3. Please find the eigenvalues and eigenvectors of [20%]

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} -3 & 0 & -2 \\ 0 & 2 & 0 \\ -2 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix},$$

where all the eigenvectors are of length 1.

4. Please solve the Dirichlet problem [20%]

$$\begin{aligned} \nabla^2 u(x, y) &= 0 & \text{for } 0 < x < L, \quad 0 < y < K, \\ u(x, 0) &= 0 & \text{for } 0 \leq x \leq L, \\ u(0, y) &= u(L, y) = 0 & \text{for } 0 \leq y \leq K, \\ u(x, K) &= (L-x) \sin(x) & \text{for } 0 \leq x \leq L. \end{aligned}$$

5. Please find the Fourier coefficients and the Fourier series of function  $f(x) = e^{-4x}$  for  $-2 \leq x \leq 2$ . [20%]

科目：工程數學 適用：土木所防災 土木所應力 地震所

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本 試 題  
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第 / 頁

編號：451 471 491

- 1 (18%) Please solve the following initial value problem.

$$y''' - y'' - y' + y = 4e^x, \quad y(0) = 2, \quad y'(0) = 1, \quad y''(0) = 2$$

- 2 (18%) Please solve the following initial value problem.

$$y' + 3x^2 y = e^{-x^3} / x^2, \quad y(1) = 0$$

- 3 (20%) The convolution  $f * g$  of functions  $f$  and  $g$  is defined by

$$(f * g)(x) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(p)g(x-p)dp = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(x-p)g(p)dp.$$

And the definition of Fourier transform of  $f(x)$  is  $F(w) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(x)e^{-iwx} dx$ .

Suppose that  $f(x)$  and  $g(x)$  are piecewise continuous, bounded and absolutely integrable on the x-axis. Then please prove that  $F(f * g) = \sqrt{2\pi} F(f)F(g)$ .

- 4 (24%) A curve is defined as  $\vec{r}(t) = [a \cos t, a \sin t, ct]$ . Please find

- (a)  $\vec{r}(s)$ , where  $s$  is the arc length (4%)
- (b)  $\vec{u}(s)$ , where  $u(s)$  is the 'unit tangent vector' (4%)
- (c)  $\kappa(s)$ , where  $\kappa(s)$  is the curvature of curve' (4%)
- (d)  $\vec{p}(s)$ , where  $p(s)$  is the 'unit principal normal vector' (4%)
- (e)  $\vec{b}(s)$ , where  $b(s)$  is the 'unit binormal vector' (4%)
- (f)  $\tau(s)$ , where  $\tau(s)$  is the torsion of curve. (4%)

- 5 (20%) A mechanical system is governed by the differential equations

$$y_1'' = -5y_1 + 2y_2$$

$$y_2'' = 2y_1 - 2y_2$$

In vector form, it becomes

$$\mathbf{y}'' = \begin{bmatrix} y_1 \\ y_2 \end{bmatrix} = \mathbf{A}\mathbf{y} = \begin{bmatrix} -5 & 2 \\ 2 & -2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} y_1 \\ y_2 \end{bmatrix} \quad \text{We try a vector solution of the form } \mathbf{y} = \mathbf{x}e^{\omega t},$$

which implies to an eigenvalue problem  $\mathbf{A}\mathbf{x} = \lambda \mathbf{x}$ . Please use the above information to solve and find  $y_1(t)$  and  $y_2(t)$ .

科目：工程數學 適用：土木所耐震 土木所應力 地震所

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本 試 題  
共 / 頁  
第 / 頁

編號：461 481 491

1 Please solve the following initial value problem. (20%)

$$x^2 y'' + xy' + 4y = 0 \text{ with } y(1) = 2, -y'(1) = -1 \text{ and } x > 0.$$

2 An unit step function is defined as  $u(t-a) = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if } t < a \\ 1 & \text{if } t > a \end{cases}$

For the following initial value problem,  $y'' + 3y' + 2y = r(t)$ ,

$$\text{with } r(t) = \begin{cases} 2 & \text{if } 1 < t < 2 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \text{ and } y(0) = y'(0) = 0 \text{ please}$$

(a) express  $r(t)$  with unit step function (10%), and

(b) find the solution  $y(t)$  by means of Laplace Transformation. (15%)

Remark:  $\mathcal{L}[u(t-a)] = e^{-as}/s$ ,  $\mathcal{L}[e^{at} f(t)] = F(s-a)$

$$\mathcal{L}[f(t-a)u(t-a)] = e^{-as}F(s), \mathcal{L}[t^{n-1}/(n-1)!] = 1/s^n \quad n=1,2,\dots$$

3 Please find the real general solution  $y(t) = \begin{bmatrix} y_1(t) \\ y_2(t) \end{bmatrix}$  of the following system

$$\begin{cases} y_1' = y_1 + y_2 \\ y_2' = 3y_1 - y_2 \end{cases} \quad (20\%).$$

4 Let  $\mathcal{F}(f)$  denote the fourier transform of  $f$ , that  $\mathcal{F}(f) = \hat{f}(w) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(x)e^{-iwx} dx$ .

Please find the fourier transform of  $f(x) = k$  if  $0 < x < a$  and  $f(x) = 0$  otherwise. (20%)

5 For a real and symmetric matrix,  $A$ , please show that its eigenvectors associated with distinct eigenvalues are orthogonal. (15%)